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The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Saturday July 21. to Tuesday July 24. 1744.

Oporto, June 28, N. S.

AN Engliſh Privateer, called the Triumph, commanded by Capt. Coke, brought into this River a ſmall Spaniſh Privateer, of four Carriage Guns and fifty Men, and the Veſſel that ſailed laſt from Ferrol for the Havanna with Guns and other Stores, which ſhe took after a ſmall Engagement, attended with no Loſs.

Rome, July 4. On the 28th paſt, (the Eve of St. Peter's Feſtival) the Conſtable of Colonna, Ambaſſador Extraordinary from the King of Naples, preſented to the Pope, at the Vatican, the White Horſe and Cedula, the uſual Tribute for the Kingdom of Naples. We have Advice this Week that the Sickneſs is again broke out at Reggio and in the Suburbs, and that from the 5th to the 11th of June, about 22 Perſons died of it, and 19 were ſent to the Lazzeretto.

Florence, July 7. Both the Spaniſh and Auſtrian Armies ſtill remain in the ſame Situation, though it is judged by many Circumſtances, that the former will ſoon decamp from Velletri to Sermonetta, a ſmall Diſtance from thence. 500 Men have lately been ſent there to guard the Entrenchments that have been marked out for a new Camp. The Motive for this Reſolution is ſuppoſed to be the great Difficulty to get Water, on which Account the Troops are extreme ſickly, and the Deſertion greatly increaſed; the Horſe particularly ſuffer very much in that dry Soil, great Numbers have died, and others are rendered unfit for Service. The Auſtrian Troops are likewiſe in a bad Situation, on Account of the Inconveniencies which the great Heats produce. The ſmall Detachments which Prince Lobcowitz had ſent to Abruzzo, under M. Sora and Gorani, have, on the Approach of a Body of the Enemy's Troops, been forced to abandon the City of Aquila; and when the Neapolitan Troops entred therein, it is aſſerted, that the Commander of them immediately ordered the Hand of the Perſon who had preſented the Keys of the Town to the Auſtrians, to be cut off. This Morning a Party of fifteen Deſerters from the Spaniſh and Neapolitan Armies, arrived in this City.

Stockholm, July 6, O. S. We hear, that before M. de la Chetardie left Moſcow, he was obliged to return the two Ribbons given him by the Empreſs of Ruſſia, as alſo her Majeſty's Picture.

Lauterbourg, July 15. After the French were retired upon the 7th of this Month, ſixty Huſſars took Poſſeſſion of Weiſſenbourg, in which they found a Magazine. The ſame Night General Nadaſti was ſent with his Corps to Soultz, to obſerve the Enemy; and General Berenclau, who had paſſed the Rhine at Weiſſenau, joined us with his Corps that Day. Upon the 9th at Night, Prince Eſterhaſi was detached with 1000 Horſe to Seltz, where he was continually harraſſed till the 12th; that General Berenclau was ſent with the Avant Guard of the Army, conſiſting almoſt of 10,000 Men, to go to Benheim beyond Seltz, where he found a Detachment of the Enemy of 13 Squadrons of Horſe, and 600 Foot. The Horſe, upon his Arrival, retired with ſome Loſs, but the 600 Men not being able to gain Fort Louis, were obliged to retreat to their Army, which continues to be encamped behind the Lines of Hagenau, between Druſſenheim and Plaffenhofen, where they are Intrenching and Fortifying. To-morrow our Army will march to Drinbach, having its Right covered by General Nadaſti, who is at Soultz, and its Left by General Berenclau, who is at Benheim. The Grenadiers marched Yeſterday, under the Command of General Count Daun, to Bihel, ſo that they form the Avant Guard.

P. S. 16 July from the Camp at Drinbach.

This Day General Nadaſti marched to Werth, and General Berenclau has taken Poſt in an Iſland near Fort Louis, on the Side of Straſbourg.

Vienna, July 18, N. S. An Eſtafette and a Courier are arrived from Prince Charles's Army. Count Traun writes by the Eſtafette, that the Enemy could not have loſt, ſince the 1ſt Inſtant, leſs than 9000 Men, by killed, wounded, Priſoners and Deſertion. By the Courier we learn, that

that the Auſtrian Bridge had been mounted to Hagenbach; that Baron Trenck had repaſſed the Rhine, either to annoy Fort Louis on the German Side, or to favour the Conſtruction of a Bridge to be brought from Fribourg, and to be placed between Fort Louis and Strasburg: That the Generals Berenclau and Nadaſti were advanced three Leagues beyond the Lines of Lauterbourg: That a Party of Huſſars had ſummoned Fort Louis: That Weiſſenbourg had been abandoned as ſoon as retaken by the French; who, after having ſent back a Garriſon into Landau, had puſhed on to Hagenau, where they were repairing their Lines, though it was doubted whether they would defend them, or retire ſtill higher up, to what are called the Canals or Iſlands of Strasburg; and laſtly, that the whole Army was to advance on the 13th Inſtant. Prince Lobcowitz continues ſtill at Nemi. The Operations of his and the Neapolitan Army conſiſt principally in cannonading each other. In the mean while both the Detachments in the Abruzzo, the one under Gorani, the other under Sora, are ſaid to have met with ſome Check, but the Particulars are not yet known.

Copenhagen, July 21. Yeſterday Morning arrived in the Sound His Britannick Majeſty's Ships the Angleſea and the Deptford's Prize, with between 50 and 60 Merchant Men for the Baltick. This is the ſecond Convoy.

Hambourg, July 24, *N. S.* The Ruſſian Troops were all to embark as laſt Tueſday the 21ſt Inſtant, N. S. at Romanſoe. Twelve Men of War have put to Sea from the Port of Cronſtadt, and Nine or Ten from Revel, in order to exerciſe the Seamen; and the Troops from Sweden are to proceed directly on their Voyage to Livonia, notwithſtanding all Reports of any other Deſtination.

Hambourg, July 28. Count Roſenberg, according to Yeſterday's Letters from Dantzick, is fallen ill there, in his Way to the Court of Ruſſia. The Vice Admiral Miſchoukow commands the Ruſſian Squadron, conſiſting of twelve Men of War and a Frigat, which put to Sea the 23d of June, O. S. from Cronſtadt; and the Rear Admiral Bars that from Revel, which ſailed the 20th of the ſame Month, and was compoſed of nine Ships of 76, 66, and 54 Guns. Seven Ships are likewiſe ſailed from Archangel.

Bruſſels, July 28, *N. S.* The laſt Diviſion of the Dutch Forces is expected here To-morrow. It is certain that the Count de Saxe and his whole Army are on the other Side the Liſs.

Bruſſels, July 30, *N. S.* By a Letter dated the 21ſt from the Head Quarters at Drinbach, three Leagues from Lauterbourg, there is Advice, that General Berenclau has inveſted Fort Louis, and ſuffers very little from the Cannon of the Place: That the French Army under M. Coigny is diſtributed at Landau, Hagenau, Fort Louis and Strasbourg: That ſeveral Perſons of Diſtinction are already come in from Lorraine, to deſire the Prince's Protection, and that King Staniſlaus is retired to Metz, having ſent on the 18th to deſire Safe-Guards from the Prince, for his Furniture at Luneville. We hear from Tournay of the 25th, that the French King's Houſhold Troops have paſſed the Scarpe at Douay, and the Schelde at Harleu: The reſt of the Detachment ſent towards the Rhine, paſſed the Scarpe at St. Amand and Marchiennes, and the Schelde at Valenciennes and Bouchair on the 21ſt Inſtant. Thoſe who paſſed at Douay will purſue their Rout by way of Landrecie.

Hague, July 28, *N. S.* We hear from Dunkirk, that the French King ſet out for Bergues upon the 20th in the Morning, and that he propoſes to be at Metz upon the 4th of Auguſt; but the Troops which are to follow the King, to the Number of 30,000, will not be able to get thither ſo ſoon. It is ſaid that that Place is to be the Rendezvous of thoſe Troops, and that they are to be reviewed there by his Majeſty.

Hague, July 31, *N. S.* M. Twickle is not yet arrived here; but as the Flemiſh Poſt, that came in this Morning, brought no Letters from him, it is concluded he is upon the Road hither. Count Podewils ſets out this Day for Berlin.

Berlegem, July 30, *N. S.* The Army will begin to paſs the Schelde To-morrow-Morning. Count Saxe continues in his Camp between Harlebeck and Menin, on the other Side of the Liſs, and is fortifying, intrenching, and throwing up Lines.

Axelwall Camp, Auguſt 1, *N. S.* This Morning the Allied Army paſſed the Schelde in ſeveral Columns, and is encamped the Right Wing near Singhen, and the Left at Morighena; and as the Quarter Maſters General are reconnoitring the Country towards Courtrai, it is thought we ſhall march that Way.

In the 13*th Line of the Article from Rheinhauſen, in laſt Saturday's Gazette, for* to *read* two; *and in the laſt Line but two of the ſame Article, for* Wurtebourg *read* Wurtzbourg.

Victualling Office, July 20, 1744.

The Commiſſioners for Victualling his Majeſty's Navy, give Notice, that on Wedneſday the 29th of Auguſt next, in the Forenoon, they will be ready to receive Propoſals in Writing, ſealed up, at their Office on Tower Hill, from all ſuch Perſons as are willing to ſerve his Majeſty's Navy with Britiſh Butter, Suffolk and Cheſhire Cheeſe, for the Year enſuing, ending at Michaelmas 1745.

General Poſt-Office, London, July 12, 1744.

Poſt-Chaiſes between London and Oxford, by the Way of Maidenhead and Nettlebed.

This is to acquaint the Publick, that the ſeveral Poſt-Maſters on the Road between London and Oxford, are ready to furniſh Gentlemen and others with Poſt-Chaiſes, ſafe, eaſy, and well ſecured from the Wea-

ther, upon as ſhort a Warning as for Poſt Horſes, at any Hour, either of the Day or Night. Gentlemen who have Occaſion to go Poſt on the above Roads, are deſired to apply to Mr. William Miller, Poſt-Maſter at the White Bear in Piccadilly.

A Poſt-Chaiſe may be had at any of the Stages on the Road to Oxford, by the Way of Maidenhead and Nettlebed, to go Part, or all the Way, for one or more Stages, for thoſe who do not chuſe to travel in the Night.

N. B. All Gentlemen that travel in Poſt Chaiſes of their own, upon the Roads, where Poſt-Chaiſes are already ſet up by the Authority of this Office, may be ſupplied with Horſes at the ſeveral Stages on thoſe Roads at the Rate of Nine Pence per Mile.

By Command of the Poſt Maſter-General,
Geo. Shelvocke, *Sec.*

Advertiſements.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of John Jones, late of Dingeſtow in the County of Monmouth, Eſq; deceaſed, are to come in and prove their Debts before Richard Edwards, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Chancery-Lane, before the 23d Day of October next, or in Default thereof, or they will be peremptorily excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

TO be ſold peremptorily, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Richard Edwards, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Chancery Lane, on Friday the 26th Day of October next, between the Hours of Four and Five in the Afternoon, A Cloſe of Paſture Ground called Horſe Croft, the Woods called Longridge and Sally Wood in the Pariſh of Horſeley, a Meſſuage or Tenement at Weſt End, and a Wood and Woodland Ground called Shetwood in the Pariſh of Eaſtington, all in the County of Glouceſter, late the Eſtate of Nathaniel Stephens, Eſq; deceaſed. Particulars to be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers.

WHereas it was advertiſed in this Paper the 17th Inſtant, for the Creditors of Joſhua Willcocks, a Bankrupt, who had proved their Debts under the Commiſſion againſt him, to meet the Aſſignees of his Eſtate on Friday laſt, at Four in the Afternoon, at Lloyd's Coffee-houſe in Lombard-ſtreet, London, to aſſent to or diſſent from the Aſſignees commencing one or more Suits in Equity, and ſubmitting to Arbitration, compounding or agreeing ſome Matters in Difference relating to his Eſtate, and on other Affairs; and the Aſſignees only then meeting, ſuch Creditors are deſired to meet them there on Wedneſday the firſt of Auguſt next, at Four in the Afternoon, for the Purpoſes aforeſaid.

THE Creditors of Francis Heath, late of Colteſhall, in the County of Norfolk, are hereby required to ſend to me Henry Johnſon, of Colteſhall aforeſaid, a true Ballance of their Accounts due to them reſpectively from the ſaid Francis, on or before the 11th Day of Auguſt next, that I may be enabled to make an equal Dividend to all and every the ſaid Creditors, which I intend doing immediately after, upon their giving to me for the ſaid Francis a full Diſcharge, otherwiſe the Share and Shares of every ſuch Creditor as will not take the ſame, will then be paid into the Hands of the ſaid Francis Heath.

BY Notice in the Gazette on the 3d Inſtant, the Commiſmiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt againſt Daniel Iſrael, of Wapping in the County of Middleſex, Mariner and Merchant, intended to meet on the 25th of July inſtant, at Guildhall, in order to make a final Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate; This gives Notice, that the ſaid Meeting is adjourned to the 24th of October next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London; when and where the Creditors, who have not proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Henry Grace, of Baſingſtoke in the County of Southampton, Grocer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 14th of Auguſt next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt William Dockſey and Richard Hodges, late of Milk-ſtreet, London, Haberdaſhers, Warehouſemen and Partners, have certified to the Right Honourable Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid Richard Hodges hath in all Things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that by Virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, the Certificate of the ſaid Richard Hodges will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 14th of Auguſt next.

In laſt Tueſday's Gazette, in the Advertiſement of Michael Hudſon, for Micheal read Michael.

THE under-mentioned Perſons claiming the Benefit of the Act lately paſſed for Relief of inſolvent Debtors, the following Notices have been brought to the Printer of the London Gazette, to be inſerted in this Paper, and are herein inſerted in Obedience to the ſaid Act.

The following Perſon being a Priſoner for Debt in his Majeſty's Priſon of the Fleet, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King George the Second, intitled, An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held at the Guildhall of the City of London, in and for the ſaid City, or at the Adjournment thereof, that ſhall happen next after 30 Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Julius Hill, late of Plaiſtow in the County of Eſſex, Gentleman.

The following Perſon being a Fugitive for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the firſt of January 1742, and having ſurrendred himſelf to the Keeper of the Sheriff's Ward or Priſon in the County of Devon, gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parliament made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King George the Second, intitled, An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held for the ſaid County, or at the Adjournment thereof, that ſhall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Thomas Reeves, late of Tiverton, Sadler.

N. B. If any Perſon in the foregoing Liſt of Priſoners ſhall find, on the Peruſal of this Gazette, that there is any Error, ſuch Error ſhall, upon Notice, be rectified in the next Gazette Gratis.

Printed by *Edward Owen* in *Amen-Corner*, 1744.

SUPPLEMENT

To the *Gazette* of this Day the 24th of *July* 1744.

Published by Authority.

Lauterbourg, July 21, *N. S.*

THE ſame Night that his Serene Highneſs Prince Charles deſign'd to march his Troops from Drinbach to Haguenau, the Rhine over-flowed on a ſudden, occaſioned as well by the Rains as by the melting of the Snow, which retarded the Execution of his Projects. The Troops in Spite of this unlucky Diſappointment, do not ſhew leſs Deſire to march to the Enemy, and, if his Highneſs did not reſtrain their Ardour, they would ſwim to the Attack of the Enemy. So fine an Army has not been ſeen for many Years; and if the Rhine continues to fall as it does, it is not doubted but we ſhall ſoon have Orders to march directly to the Enemy. We work without Intermiſſion to carry on our Approaches towards Fort Louis, where, in Spite of the continual Fire of the Place, our Works are carried on, and we have not hitherto loſt more than five or ſix Men. The Deſertion amongſt the French does not yet ceaſe; and we ſee by their Muſter Rolls which have been intercepted, that, from the 1ſt to the 18th Inſtant, the Number of their Dead, Wounded, Priſoners and Deſerters, amounts to above 12,000 Men.

Rheinhauſen, July 28, *N. S.* The two Armies upon the Upper Rhine have lain for a Week paſt in a Kind of Inaction, occaſioned by the continual Showers, and Overflowing of the Rhine, and the ſmall Streams which fall into it. The Head Quarters were removed the Day before Yeſterday from Drinbach to Soultz, three Leagues from Haguenau, which is the Head Quarter of the Imperial Army. The French camp between Strasbourg and the Motter. The 20,000 Men from Bavaria, under General Bathiani, are already arrived in this Neighbourhood with a great Train of Artillery. More is coming from Freybourg, the Whole intended for the Siege of Fort Louis, which is blockaded, and the Auſtrians are already Maſters of ſome of its Out-works. We hear from Landau, that Prince Charles's Huſſars do their Duty ſo well about that Place, that nothing can go in, or come out, without Danger of falling into their Hands. Sixty Oxen, which were conducting thither, were taken ſome Days ſince. That Garriſon is already in Want of Salt.

Paris, July 28, *N. S.* This Moment we learn, that on the 21ſt Inſtant the Attacks were made in the Mountains of Piedmont, that the French and Spaniards had taken by Storm the Caſtles of Dauphin and Demont, but that they loſt 150 Officers killed, or wounded, and 4000 Men. The Bailiff de Givry mortally wounded, M. Danois, M. le Duc d'Agenois, M. de la Carte, M. d'Aubterre, killed, M. de Chaiſeul wounded, and all the principal Officers either killed or wounded.

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